Early Reading

Reception

September 2021



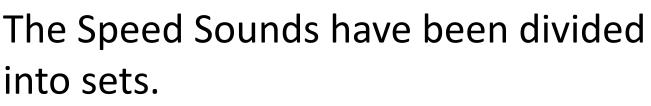
We use a programme called Read, Write Inc. It teaches the children

the sounds that letters make -

not the letter names until the

sounds are secure.

Speed Sounds:



Once your child has learnt some of the

sounds in a group they progress to sound blending that group of Speed Sounds into words.

Then your child will learn the next group of Speed Sounds until they are confident with reading and blending all of the sounds in that set. The order of the sounds:

asdt

npgo

U

sh th ch

b

h

V Y W X Z

m

С

f

k

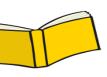
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Set 1 Speed sounds are taught in this order.

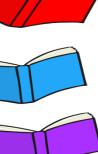
nk

ng

qu



RWInc - Pure Sounds



When teaching children the speed sounds its very important we don't add 'uh' to the end of them.

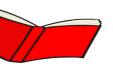


- We pronounce them as pure sounds –
- **m** not muh, **f** not fuh **l** not luh.



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Learning to read:



Before your child can start to read they need to be able to say the sound that is represented by each letter or group of letters.



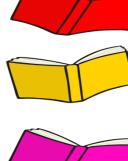




Once children know their sounds, they are then taught to sound out the letters in a word and blend them together to read it. This is called sound blending – Fred Talk.



Sound out the word e.g. c-a-t, sh-o-p



Set 2 Speed Sounds

The set 2 speed sounds follow Set 1 and include the following sounds:

ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, (as in moon, spoon) oo (as in look, book cook) ar, or, air, ir, ou, oy



Eg: p-l-ay, n-igh-t, b-l-ow, s-t-ar-t

Set 2 Sound pronunciation:

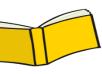
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p7hRbrpq5Bo

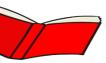
Set 3 Speed Sounds

The set 3 speed sounds are the final sounds to be taught and include the following:

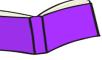
ea, oi, a-e, i-e, o-e, u-e, aw, are, ur, er, ow, ai, oa, ew, ire, ear, ure

These sounds are usually taught in Year 1





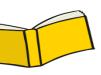








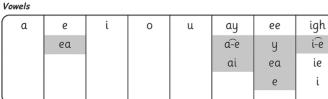












Complex Speed Sounds chart

m

mm

mb

d

dd

n

nn

kn

h

g

<u>gg</u>

r

rr

wr

j

g

ge

S

SS

se С се

р

рр

V

ve

qu

t

tt

W

wh

Х

Consonants: stretchy

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Consonants: bouncy

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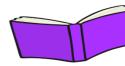
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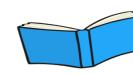
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00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
ú-e			oor	are	ur	ow	oi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw							
			au							

This sound chart shows the children the different ways a sound can be made.











Assessment of Sounds



Children are assessed each half term to see what progress they have made in terms of their sounds and reading of words containing taught sounds.

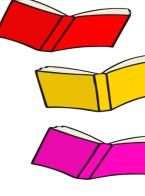


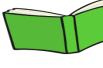
They complete a RWI phonic assessment. This allows staff to identify those children who need to revisit particular sounds.



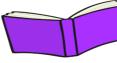
In June of each academic year, children in Year 1 complete the National Phonics Screening Check. Only those children who have a secure knowledge of the set 3 sounds

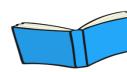
are likely to pass this test.



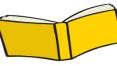


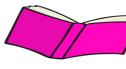












Children in Reception will soon take home their reading diaries, word walls and reading books.

Please help your child to read the words on their word walls by using the RWI strategies. Once they can read them at sight the word can be ticked Help your child with reading

I spy

Play 'I Spy' games. Can you find words beginning with...? Can you find a picture of a ...? How many ... can you see?

Make it fun

Enjoy reading together. Give characters funny voices and engage with the pictures. Make a game out of finding words that rhyme or start with the same sound.

Create

Use reading to inspire drawings or new stories.

Ask questions

Ask questions about the story as you read it e.g. What is the story about? Why do you think they made that choice? Was it a good choice? Why did that happen? What do you think will happen next? What was your favourite part of the story? Why?

Be seen

Make sure you are seen reading. Keep books and magazines at easy reach.

Go online

Look online & in app stores for appropriate word & spelling games.

Get out

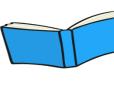
Go to your public library regularly. Find the books you loved as a kid to read together.

Make space

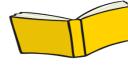
Have a special place or a certain time when you read together.

Read everything out loud.

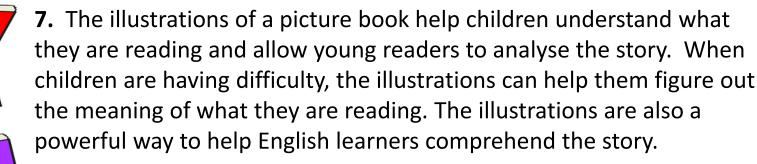
Books, poems, nursery rhymes, newspaper & magazine articles, food labels... anything that is close to hand!





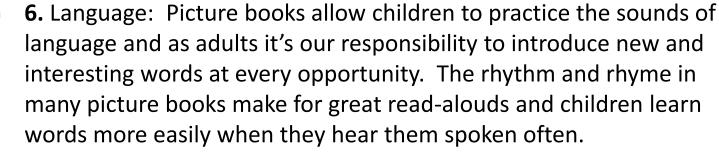


Picture books - Reasons they are important! By Lori Calabrese





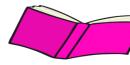






5. Repetition: The repetition in many picture books allows a child to participate in the story. Young readers get excited when they can anticipate a forthcoming line and children learn skills like phonemic awareness, phonics, comprehension and fluency.







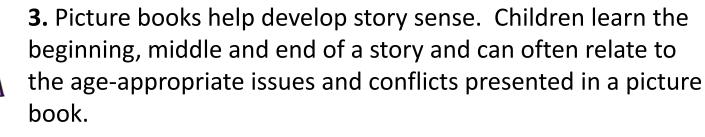






4. Picture books are multi-sensory, which aids a child's growing mind and stimulates their imagination. Not only do the children hear the story, they see the illustrations.



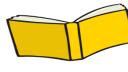


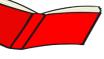
2. Picture books allow an entirely different, more interactive communication between parent and child. Picture books allow parents to spend time talking with their children about the story, pictures and words. This interaction builds reading comprehension. Picture books allow you to talk about what you see on each page, so be sure to talk about what happened in the story, ask about the characters, how they are feeling, and

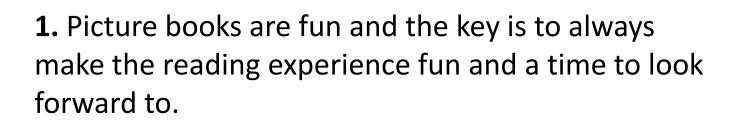












Reading should never be perceived as a chore. If you make reading a chore early on in a child's development, they might grow to resent reading.

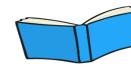


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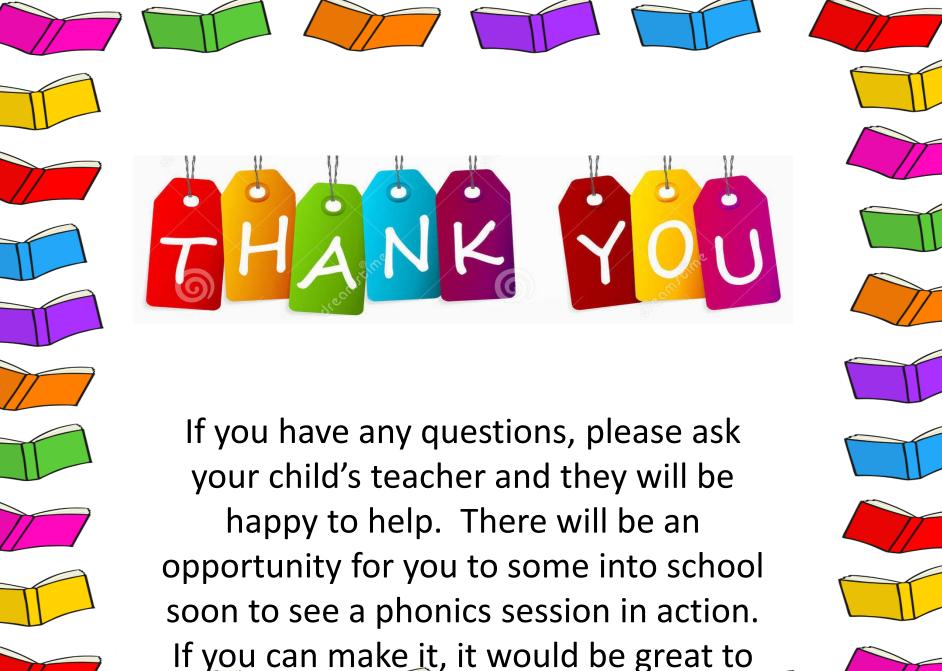
By Lori Calabrese, <u>The Children's Book Review</u> Lori Calabrese is an award-winning children's author.











see you.